



CLEAN NOTE POLICY

2025-27

Preamble

Reserve Bank of India has been continuously making efforts to ensure supply of fresh crispy currency notes to the public through the banks vide circular issued by them from time to time. Banks are bound to comply with directions issued by RBI in exercise of powers vested in it under section 21 & 35A of Banking Regulation Act 1949. Any violation of these directions attracts action under the said Act. Dr. Bimal Jalan, the then Governor, RBI, announced the Bank's 'Clean Note Policy' in January 1999, amended in 2018 thereon 1st April 2025. For effective execution of 'Clean Note Policy', withdrawing soiled and mutilated notes from circulation is as important as pumping fresh notes into circulation.

RBI's Clean Note Policy

- Bank shall accept and deliver currency notes in unstapled and unstitched condition only.
- Bank will ensure removal of soiled notes and will ensure such notes are not circulated. All such notes will be replaced with good notes.
- All customers are requested to tender currency notes in unstapled condition. The bank will also issue currency notes in unstapled condition.
- NOT to write or scribble on the currency notes.
- DO NOT use banknotes for making garlands/toys, decorating pandals and places of worship or for showering on personalities in social events, etc.
- Count and check the currency notes before leaving the counter.
- Soiled and Mutilated currency notes are freely exchanged under RBI note refund rules 2009 at Teller Counters.
- Coins and small denomination notes are freely accepted/issued at our cash counters.
- It is to be noted that the watermark on these notes is a major security feature and if the watermark is damaged or broken the machine classifies them as bad notes

Validity of the Policy :

The current Policy shall remain in effect until it undergoes a review, and any revisions are completed and approved by the Board. All guidelines from the Regulator that are received will apply to this policy and will be included in the subsequent revision of the policy.

Banks Policy: -

Based on the Reserve Bank of India guidelines, the systems and procedure to be followed for currency management. It has made mandatory on the banks to discontinue the practice of stapling the currency notes packets.

The steps include: mechanization of the currency verification and processing as also shredding and briquetting for destruction of soiled and mutilated notes. The banks shall take the measures to supply adequate quantities of fresh notes and to prevent excessive spoilage of the existing currency notes. A major factor for spoilages and mutilation of notes was stapling and multi stapling of notes/notes packets. Non-stapling of notes facilitates proper sorting of notes at bank branches by using table-top sorting machines.

- i. Not to staple bank notes,
- ii. To tender soiled notes to the Reserve Bank in unstapled condition,
- iii. To use paper bands instead of staple pins,
- iv. To issue only clean notes to members of public,
- v. To provide unrestricted facility for exchange of soiled and mutilated notes to members of public.
- vi. To examine of notes before issuance over the counter, top up of ATMs.
- vii. To sort the notes with help of sorting machine to segregate issuable ATM fit and non-issuable notes.

I. Facility for Exchange of Notes and Coins

With respect to the Facility for Exchange of Notes and Coins, the Bank shall adhere to the below mentioned instructions:

1. All branches to issue good quality notes and coins of all denominations on demand, as also exchange soiled / mutilated / defective notes, accept coins and notes for transactions or exchange. Branches should not refuse to accept small denomination notes and / or coins tendered at their counter.
2. Soiled notes should not be issued to the public as re-issuable notes and shall be deposited in currency chests / current accounts maintained with other Banks for onward transmission to RBI offices. In order to facilitate quicker exchange facilities, the definition of soiled note has been liberalized. A 'soiled note' means

a note which has become dirty due to normal wear and tear and also includes a two-piece note pasted together wherein both the pieces presented belong to the same note and form the entire note with no essential feature missing. Branches to accept these notes over the counters in payment of Government dues and for credit to accounts of the public maintained with banks.

3. **Mutilated Notes – Presentation and Passing:**

A mutilated note is a note of which a portion is missing or which is composed of more than two pieces. Mutilated notes may be presented at any of the Bank branches. The notes so presented shall be accepted, exchanged and adjudicated by the branches in accordance with Reserve Bank of India (Note Refund) Rules 2009.

4. Notes which have turned extremely brittle or are badly burnt, charred or inseparably stuck up together and, therefore, cannot withstand normal handling, shall not be accepted by the Bank branches for exchange. Instead, the holders may be advised to tender these notes to the concerned Issue Office of the Reserve Bank of India.
5. The Branch Manager shall act as 'Prescribed Officer' to adjudicate the notes received at the branch for exchange in accordance with Reserve Bank of India, Rules, 2009.

6. **Exchange of mutilated and imperfect notes:**

- a. Where the number of notes presented by a person is up to 10 pieces, branches should normally adjudicate the notes and pay the exchange value over the counter. If the branches are not able to adjudicate the mutilated notes, the notes may be received against a receipt and sent to the linked currency chest branch of the currency chest Bank for adjudication. The probable date of payment should be informed to the tenderers on the receipt itself and the same should not exceed 30 days. Bank account details should be obtained from the tenderers for crediting the exchange value by electronic means.
- b. Notes presented in bulk: Where the number of notes presented by a person is more than 10 pieces not exceeding Rs.5000 per day in value, branches to send such notes to nearby currency chest branch of Banks by insured post giving the customers Bank account details (a/c no, branch name, IFSC, etc.) or get them exchanged thereat in person. All other persons tendering mutilated notes whose value exceeds Rs.5000 should be advised to approach the nearby currency chest branch of Banks.

7. Mutilated / defective notes bearing 'PAY' / 'PAID' (or 'Reject') stamp of any RBI Issue Office or any Bank's Branch, if presented for payment at any of the Bank's branches shall be rejected under Rules 6(2) of Reserve Bank of India, Rules, 2009.

8. Any note with slogans and messages of political nature written across shall cease to be legal tender and claim on such notes shall be rejected by the Bank.
9. **Deliberately cut notes:**

The notes, which are found to be deliberately cut, torn, altered or tampered with, if presented for payment of exchange value should be rejected under Rule 6(3)(ii) of the Reserve Bank of India (Note Refund) Rules, 2009. Although it is not possible to precisely define deliberately cut notes, a close look at such notes will clearly reveal any deliberate fraudulent intention, as the manner in which such notes are mutilated will follow a broad uniformity in the shape/location of missing portions of the notes, especially when the notes are tendered in large numbers. The details of the case such as the name of the tenderer, the number of notes tendered and their denominations should be reported thereafter to the Deputy/General Manager, Issue Department, Reserve Bank of India. The matter should also be reported to local police in case a large number of such notes are tendered.
10. The Bank's Branches shall display at their branch notice boards indicating the availability of note exchange facility with the legend 'SOILED / MUTILATED NOTES/COINS ARE ACCEPTED AND EXCHANGED HERE' for information of general public.
11. Cashiers at branches to do away with stapling of note packets and shall band the packets with paper/polythene bands so that the life of the currency notes is increased.
12. Branch Managers / Cashiers to educate the members of public, not to write on the currency notes to provide unrestricted facility for exchange of soiled and mutilated notes.
13. Branch Managers / Cashiers to exclusively provide currency exchange and distribution of small coins to suck out the bad notes.
14. The coins of denomination of 25 paise and below, issued from time to time, cease to be legal tender for payments as well as account with effect from June 30, 2011 in terms of Gazette Notification No.2529 dated December 20, 2010 issued by the Government of India.
15. Pre-2005 bank notes, if received, shall not be exchanged as legal tender across the counter, and the cashiers/Branch Managers shall guide such customers to exchange such notes at the Issue Office of Reserve Bank of India.

II. Detection and Impounding of Counterfeit Notes:

With respect to the detection and impounding of counterfeit notes, the Bank shall adhere to the below mentioned instructions:

1. Banknotes tendered over the counter through bulk tenders shall be examined for authenticity through note counting/sorting machine. No credit to customer's

account is to be given for counterfeit notes, if any, detected in the tender received over the counter or at the back-office / currency chest.

In no case, the counterfeit notes should be returned to the tenderer or destroyed by the bank branches. Failure of the banks to impound counterfeit notes detected at their end will be construed as willful involvement of the bank concerned, in circulating counterfeit notes and penalty will be imposed for violation of Directive No.3158/09.39.00 (Policy) 2009-10 dated November 19, 2009 issued by the Reserve Bank of India.

2. Impounding of counterfeit notes:

Notes determined as counterfeit shall be stamped as "COUNTERFEIT NOTE" and impounded in the prescribed format (Annex I). Each such impounded note shall be recorded under authentication, in a separate register.

- 3.** When a banknote tendered at the counter of a Bank branch is found to be counterfeit, an acknowledgement receipt in the prescribed format (Annexure II) shall be issued to the tenderer, after stamping the note. The receipt, in running serial numbers, shall be authenticated by the cashier and tenderer. Notice to this effect shall displayed prominently at the branches notice boards for information of the public. The receipt is to be issued even in cases where the tenderer is unwilling to countersign it.

4. Detection of Counterfeit Notes - Reporting to Police and other bodies:

The following procedure should be followed while reporting incidence of detection of counterfeit note to the Police:

- a. For cases of detection of counterfeit notes up to 4 pieces, in a single transaction, a consolidated report in the prescribed format (Annexure III) should be sent by the Nodal Bank Officer to the police authorities or the Nodal Police Station, along with the suspect counterfeit notes, at the end of the month.
- b. For cases of detection of counterfeit notes of 5 or more pieces, in a single transaction, the counterfeit notes should be forwarded by the Nodal Bank Officer to the local police authorities or the Nodal Police Station for investigation by filing FIR in the prescribed format (Annex IV).

A copy of the monthly consolidated report / FIR shall be sent to the Forged Note Vigilance Cell constituted at the Head Office of the Bank.

- c. Acknowledgement of the police authorities concerned has to be obtained for note/s forwarded to them both as consolidated monthly statement and FIR. If the counterfeit notes are sent to the police by insured post, acknowledgement of receipt thereof by the police should be invariably obtained and kept on record. A proper follow-up of receipt of acknowledgement from the police authorities is necessary. In case, any difficulty is faced by the Branches due to reluctance of the police to receive monthly consolidate statement / file FIRs, the matter may be

sorted out in consultation with the Nodal Officer of the police authority designated to coordinate matters relating to investigation of counterfeit banknotes cases. The list of Nodal Police Station may be obtained from the respective Regional Office of Reserve Bank.

5. Branches to monitor the patterns / trends of such detection and suspicious trends / patterns should be brought to the notice of Competent Authority/ Head Office/Police authorities immediately.

The data on detection of counterfeit Indian notes at branches should be included in the monthly Returns forwarded to the Reserve Bank.

The branches should re-align their cash management in such a manner so as to ensure that cash receipts in the denominations of Rs 100 and above are not put into re-circulation without the notes being machine processed for authenticity. In order to obviate complaints regarding receipt of counterfeit notes through ATMs, branches to take adequate safeguards/checks before loading ATMs with notes. Dispensation of counterfeit notes through the ATMs would be construed as an attempt to circulate the counterfeit notes by the Bank.

6. Penalty at 100% of the notional value of counterfeit notes, in addition to the recovery of loss to the extent of the notional value of such notes, will be imposed under the following circumstances:
 - a) When counterfeit notes are detected in the soiled note remittance of the bank.
 - b) If counterfeit notes are detected in the currency chest balance of a bank during inspection by RBI.
7. Each Bank shall establish at its Head Office, a Forged Note Vigilance Cell to undertake the following functions:
 - i. Dissemination of instructions issued by the Reserve Bank on counterfeit notes to Bank's branches. Monitoring the implementation of these instructions. Compilation of data on detection of counterfeit notes, and its submission to Reserve Bank and FIU-IND and NCRB as per extant instructions. Follow-up of cases of counterfeit notes, with police authorities / designated nodal officer.
 - ii. Sharing of the information thus compiled with Bank's Designated Nodal Officer and report to him / her all cases of acceptance / issue of counterfeit notes over the counters.
 - iii. Conducting periodic surprise checks at branches where shortages/ defective/counterfeit notes etc. are detected.
 - iv. Ensuring operation of Note Sorting Machines of appropriate capacity at all the branches and closely monitoring the detection of Counterfeit Notes and maintaining the record of the same. Ensuring that only properly sorted and machine examined banknotes are fed into the ATMs / issued over the

counters and to put in place adequate safeguards, including surprise checks, both during the processing and in transit of notes.

Forged Note Vigilance Cell shall submit status report on a half yearly basis covering the aforesaid aspects to the Chief General Manager, Department of Currency Management, Reserve Bank of India, Central Office, Amar Building, Fourth Floor, Sir P. M. Road, Fort, Mumbai 400 001, and to the Issue office of the Regional office of Reserve Bank under whose jurisdiction the FNV Cell is functioning, within a fortnight from the conclusion of the half yearly under report (Annexure V). The said report should be sent by mail. **No hard copy need be sent.**

In order to update the record of the addresses of the Forged Note Vigilance Cells, the Bank shall furnish by e-mail, in the prescribed format (Annexure VI) particulars to the Reserve Bank every year, as on 15th April. **No hard copy need be sent.**

8. Scheme of Penalties for Bank branches including currency chests based on performance in rendering customer service to members of public:

In line with RBI circular no DCM (CC) No.G-4/03.44.01/2018–19 dated 3rd July 2018 the Scheme of Penalties for Bank branches including Currency Chests has been formulated in order to ensure that all Bank branches provide better customer service to members of public with regard to exchange of notes and coins in keeping with the objectives of Clean Note Policy.

Penalties to be imposed on Banks for deficiencies in exchange of notes and coins / remittances sent to RBI / operations of currency chests etc. are as follows:

No.	Nature of Irregularity	Penalty
1	Shortages in soiled note remittances and currency chest balances	For notes in denomination up to Rs.50 per piece in addition to the loss For notes in denomination of Rs 100 & above Equal to the value of the denomination per piece in addition to the loss. Shortages of 100 pieces and above per remittance shall be debited immediately. Penalty may be levied on reaching a limit of 100 pieces in a cumulative manner.

2	Counterfeit notes detected in soiled note remittances and currency chest balances.	Penalty on account of detection of counterfeit notes by RBI from soiled note remittance of banks and in currency chest balances shall be levied in terms of the instructions issued by DCM (FNVD)No. G-1/16.01.05/2018-19 dated July 02, 2018.
3	Mutilated notes detected in soiled note remittances and currency chest balances.	Rs. 50 per piece irrespective of the denomination Mutilated notes of 100 pieces and above per remittance shall be debited immediately. Penalty may be levied on reaching a limit of 100 pieces in a cumulative manner.
4	Non-compliance with operational guidelines by currency chests detected by RBI officials: a) Non-functioning of CCTV b) Branch cash/documents kept in strong room c) Non-utilization of NSMs for sorting of notes (NSMs not used for sorting of high denomination notes received over the counter or not used for sorting notes remitted to chest/RBI)	Penalty of Rs 5000 for each irregularity. Penalty will be enhanced to Rs 10,000 in case of repetition. Penalty will be levied immediately.
5	Violation of any term of agreement with RBI (for opening and maintaining currency chests) or deficiency in service in providing exchange facilities, as detected by RBI officials e.g. a) Non-issue of coins over the counter to any member of public despite having stock. b) Refusal by any bank branch to exchange soiled notes / refusal by any currency chest branch to adjudicate mutilated notes tendered by any member of public. c) Non conduct of surprise verification of chest balances, at least at bimonthly intervals, by	Rs. 10,000 for any violation of agreement or deficiency of service. Rs. 5 lakhs in case there are more than 5 instances of violation of agreement/ deficiency in service by the branch. The levy of such penalty will be placed in public domain. Penalty will be levied immediately.

	<p>officials unconnected with the custody thereof and by the officials from the Controlling Office once in six months.</p> <p>d) Denial of facilities/services to linked branches of other banks.</p> <p>e) Non acceptance of lower denomination notes (i.e. denomination of Rs. 50 and below) tendered by members of public and linked bank branches.</p> <p>f) Detection of mutilated /counterfeit notes in re-issuable packets prepared by the currency chest branches.</p>	
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9. Provision of Ultra-Violet Lamp and Other Infrastructure:

With a view to facilitating the detection of Counterfeit Notes, all bank branches should be equipped with ultra-violet lamps / other appropriate banknote sorting/ detection machines.

The Bank shall maintain a daily record of the notes processed through the Note Sorting machines, including the number of counterfeit notes detected. Moreover, note counting machine having dual display is also made available at branches for customer satisfaction regarding note count.

10. Detection of Counterfeit Notes-Training of Staff:

It is necessary to ensure that the cash handling staff in the Bank are fully conversant with the security features of a banknote.

The HRD Department shall organize/conduct training programme on the security features of banknotes for members of staff to enable detection of Counterfeit Notes at the point of receipt itself. The Bank shall ensure that all the Bank personnel handling cash are trained on features of genuine India Bank notes. These trainings shall cover detection, impounding and reporting of Counterfeit Notes.

Public Awareness:

The bank shall undertake several measures to enhance public awareness for Clean Note Policy by way of pasting Stickers, Publishing Circulars to its staff, displaying security features of notes. Banks and public need to accept the change to paper/polythene bands and move away from staple pins. Urged the public not to write on the currency notes and deface.

Forged Note Vigilance Cell. It's a unit established by banks at their Head Office to handle counterfeit currency detection and related procedures.

Name : Mr. Dinesh Bhalchandra Yeole
Designation : Incharge – FNV Cell.
Bank's Name : The Jalgaon Peoples Co-operative Bank Ltd.
Bank's Address : 152, Polan Peth, Dana Bazar, Jalgaon 425001.
Contact No. : 0257- 2227711 to 16.

APPROVED BY BOD R.NO. & DATE: 12(14) DTD. 08.05.2025

CLEAN NOTE POLICY

NOTICE TO THE CUSTOMERS

**AS PER THE GUIDELINES OF RESERVE BANK OF INDIA, UNDER THEIR
“CLEAN NOTE POLICY” WE REQUEST THE CUSTOMER TO: -**

- 1. DEPOSIT THE CASH WITHOUT ANY STAPLE PIN OR THREAD.**
- 2. NOT TO WRITE ANYTHING ON THE CURRENCY NOTES.**
- 3. AVOID SPOILING NOTES BY OIL, WATER, INK ETC.**
- 4. NOT TO FOLD THE NOTES TO SMALL SIZE.**
- 5. ENSURE COUNTING OF NOTES BEFORE LEAVING THE CASH COUNTER.**
- 6. DEPOSIT THE CASH AFTER SEPARATING ASHOKA PILLAR CURRENCY NOTES AND OTHER SOILED / NON -ISSUABLE NOTES.**
- 7. DO NOT USE BANKNOTES FOR MAKING GARLANDS/TOYS, DECORATING PANDALS AND PLACES OF WORSHIP OR FOR SHOWERING ON PERSONALITIES IN SOCIAL EVENTS, ETC.**

**WE ACCEPT AND DELIVER CURRENCY NOTES IN DESTAPLED AND
UNSTITCHED CONDITIONS ONLY.**

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE OR SCRIBBLE ON THE CURRENCY NOTES.

**COINS AND SMALL DENOMINATIONS NOTES ARE FREELY EXCHANGED AT
OUR CASH COUNTERS.**

WE DISTRIBUTE COINS AGAINST NOTES.

**SOILED AND MUTILATED CURRENCY NOTES ARE FREELY EXCHANGED AT
OUR CASH COUNTERS.**

Counterfeit Banknote Stamp

Annex I

Each banknote, which on examination of various security features / parameters, is determined as a counterfeit one, shall be branded with a stamp "COUNTERFEIT BANKNOTE". For this purpose, a stamp with a uniform size of **5 cm x 5 cm** with the following inscription may be used.

COUNTERFEIT BANK NOTE IMPOUNDED

BANK

BRANCH / CURRENCY CHEST

NAME OF THE BANK

SIGNATURE

DATE

Annex II

Acknowledgement Receipt to be Issued to the Tenderer of Counterfeit Notes

**Name of the
Bank: Address:**

Serial Number of the Receipt: _____

Date: _____

The note(s) described below received from..... (Name and address of the tenderer) is/are counterfeit and has/have therefore been impounded and stamped accordingly.

Serial number of the note deemed as counterfeit	Denomination	Parameters on which the note is deemed as counterfeit

Total number of Counterfeit Notes:

(Signature of the Tenderer)

(Signature of the Counter Staff)

(Official Seal)

Consolidated Monthly Report to the Police

Annexure III

Date: _____

Name of the Bank:

District:

Name and Address of the Nodal Bank

Officer: Ref. No. _____

The Inspector of Police

_____ Police Station,

Consolidated Report for the month of _____

Detail of Counterfeit Notes:

Date of detection	Name of branch / currency chest	Details of tenderer	Denominations / pieces / serial numbers	Security features breached	Unique Reference Number (URN) generated by the NCRB Portal

2. The Counterfeit Notes are enclosed for information and necessary action.

3. Kindly acknowledge receipt.

Yours faithfully,

Authorized signatory

Official Seal

Encl:

Request for FIR to the Police

Annexure IV

Date:

Name of the Bank: District:
Name and Address of the Nodal Bank Officer:
Ref. No. _____

The Inspector of Police
_____ Police Station,

Dear Sir,

Detection of Counterfeit Note/s – Request for investigation

We enclose the following Counterfeit Notes detected in our office on _____. The details of the Counterfeit Notes are furnished below

Denomination / Number of pieces	Serial number of Counterfeit Note	Notional value	Details of tenderer	Name & address of the branch / currency chest where detection took place	Bank's Entry No.	Unique Reference Number (URN) generated in the NCRB Portal

2. As the printing and/or circulation of Fake Indian Currency Notes is an offence under Sections 178 to 182 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023, we request you to lodge FIR and conduct the necessary investigation. In case, it is decided to file criminal proceedings in the court of law, you may first arrange to send the notes to any of the Note Printing Presses, Forensic Science Laboratories, etc., in terms of the provisions of Section 398 (1) and 398 (3) of the Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023 for examination. The expert opinion furnished may be produced in the court as evidence under Section 398 of the Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023. The forged notes may please be returned to us after the completion of the investigation and/or proceedings in the court of law along with the detailed report of the investigation / decision of the court.

3. Please acknowledge receipt. Yours faithfully,

Authorized

Signatory

Official

Seal

Encl:

Annex V
Report on activities of FNV Cell - Half Year ended March / September

Name of the Bank:

Address of FNV Cell:

Name and designation of officer-in-charge of FNV Cell:

Telephone No.:

Email ID:

Sr.No.	Particulars	Details				
		Metro	Urban	Semi Urban	Rural	Total
1	Total number of branches					
2	Total number of Currency Chests (CCs)					
3	No. of branches under CCTV surveillance					
4	No. of CCs under CCTV surveillance					
5	No. of branches where Note Authentication Machines (NAMs) are installed					
6	No. of CCs where Note Sorting Machines (NSMs) are installed					
7	Whether the NSMs are adequate to process all notes received at each CC as per prescribed timeline?					
8	Whether all CCs maintain record of notes processed through NSMs and the counterfeit notes detected by them?					
9	Whether information on counterfeit notes detected during the month is reported to RBI by 7 th of the succeeding month?	Month		Date of Submission		
10	Whether information on counterfeit notes detected during the month is uploaded on FIU-IND portal (FINnet) by 15 th of the succeeding month?	Month		Date of Submission		
11	Whether information on counterfeit notes is uploaded on NCRB portal on monthly basis?	Month		Date of Submission		
12	Whether the instances of acceptance / issue of counterfeit notes over the counter in branches or CCs reported to the Chief Vigilance Officer of the bank?					
13	No. of cases pending with police authorities where FIRs have been filed.	Cases pending with Police authorities at beginning of FY	Cases sent to Police authorities during the FY	Cases received from Police authorities during the FY	Cases pending with Police authorities at the end of FY	
14	Whether the pending FIR cases at branches / CCs, have been followed up with police authorities / designated Nodal Police Officer?					

	The dates of such correspondence made by FNV Cell with police authorities may be furnished.			
15	Whether significant number of FICNs are detected in any CC / branch during the reporting period? If so, whether the FNV Cell had conducted any surprise check in those branches / CCs? Furnish details.	Name of CC	Date of Surprise Check	Findings in brief
16	Mechanism in place to ensure that only properly sorted and machine examined banknotes are fed into the ATMs / issued over the counter			
17	No. of complaints received regarding dispensation of counterfeit notes from ATMs / over the counter	Name of complaints pending at the beginnings of HY		
		No. of complaints received during the HY		
		No. of complaints disposed of during the HY		
		No. of complaints pending at the end of the HY		

(Signature)

Name & Designation of the Authorised Official

Official Seal

Annexure VI

Particulars of Forged Note Vigilance Cell (FNVC) To RBI

Name of the Bank	Address of FNVC (With Pin code)	Name and Designation of Officer-in-Charge	Telephone number with Code	Mobile Number	Email Address of the FNVC

We note to intimate immediately the changes, if any, in the particulars furnished above.

**Name of Authorized
Official: Designation:**

Date:

NB: The completed format, in MS-Excel, shall be transmitted by e-mail to dcmfnvd@rbi.org.in and to the concerned Issue Office of RBI under whose jurisdiction the FNV Cell is functional, by 15th April every year.

Monthly Report to RBI Issue Offices on Counterfeit Notes

Annexure VI

Date:

Name of the Bank:

Address of FNV Cell:

Name and Designation of officer-in-charge:

Telephone No:

Email ID

Counterfeit Notes detected in the bank during the month

(To be reported by 7th of following month)

A. Details of counterfeit notes detected :

Name of the Branch	Address of Branch	Branch Code	District	State	Zone in which Branch is located (East/West /North /South)	Type of Detection	₹ 2/- & ₹ 5/-	₹ 10/- (Old)	₹ 10/- (New)	₹ 20/- (Old)	₹ 20/- (New)	₹ 50/- (Old)	₹ 50/- (New)	₹ 100/- (Old)	₹ 100/- (New)	₹ 200/- (Old)	₹ 500/- (Old - SBN)	₹ 500/- (New)	₹ 1000/- (Old-SBN)	₹ 2000/- (New)	Total Number	
						FIR (No. of Pieces)																
						Non FIR (No. of Pieces)																
						Total A																
Name of the Currency Chest	Address of the Currency Chest	Currency Chest Code	District	State	Zone in which CC is located (East/West /North /South)	Type of Detection	₹ 2/- & ₹ 5/-	₹ 10/- (Old)	₹ 10/- (New)	₹ 20/- (Old)	₹ 20/- (New)	₹ 50/- (Old)	₹ 50/- (New)	₹ 100/- (Old)	₹ 100/- (New)	₹ 200/- (Old)	₹ 500/- (Old - SBN)	₹ 500/- (New)	₹ 1000/- (Old-SBN)	₹ 2000/- (New)	Total Number	
						FIR (No. of Pieces)																
						Non FIR (No. of Pieces)																
						Total A																
						Grand Total A+B																

B. Details of FIR cases filed with police:

	Pending with Police at the beginning of the month (Cumulative Total)	Sent to Police during the month	Return by the Police during the month	Pending with the Police at the end of the month (Cumulative Total)
No. of cases* where FIR was filed				
Total pieces of Counterfeit Notes involved in all the cases of FIR				

* Each FIR lodged comprises one case.

(Signature)

**Name & Designation of the Authorized Official
Official Seal**

Forwarded to: -

The General Manager/Deputy General Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Issue Department.

Annex VIII

Illustrative examples on calculation of Penalty as per the Penal Provisions prescribed under Para 11

(I) Counterfeit notes detected in soiled note remittances

A currency chest has sent the following soiled notes remittance to an Issue Office of RBI for processing and the below mentioned counterfeit notes are detected:

Denomination	₹ 5/-	₹ 10/-	₹ 20/-	₹ 50/-	₹ 100/-	₹ 200/-	₹ 500/-	₹ 2000/-
No. of pieces In the remittance	1,30,000	21,50,000	13,40,000	11,00,000	11,92,000	90,000	1,70,000	20,000
No. of Counterfeit Notes detected a RBI during processing	0	0	4	9	40	2	2	1

Then the penalty imposed as per the revised provisions for the counterfeit notes detected shall be as under:

a. Denominations of ₹5, ₹10 and ₹20: Recovery of notional value of counterfeit notes i.e., ₹20*4 = ₹80.

b. Denomination of ₹50: Recovery of notional value of counterfeit notes i.e., ₹50*9 = ₹450 and penalty @ 50% of the notional value i.e., ₹225, i.e., a total of ₹675 shall be recovered.

c. Denomination of ₹100 and above: Recovery of notional value of counterfeit notes i.e., ₹100*40 + ₹200*2 + ₹500*2 + ₹2000*1 = ₹7400 and penalty as per CPM of 30.57 (>20), i.e., @ 200% of notional value = ₹14800.

$$\text{CPM} = [(40+2+2+1) * 10,00,000] / [1192000+90000+170000+20000] = 30.57.$$

(II) Counterfeit notes detected in the CC balance during inspection / audit by RBI

During the audit/inspection of currency chest by Issue Office, RBI. the following counterfeit notes are detected:

Denomination	₹ 5/-	₹ 10/-	₹ 20/-	₹ 50/-	₹ 100/-	₹ 200/-	₹ 500/-	₹ 2000/-
No. of Counterfeit Notes detected during inspection / audit by RBI	0	4	2	8	16	20	15	10

Then the penalty imposed as per the revised provisions for counterfeit notes detected would be as under:

a. Denominations of ₹5, ₹10 and ₹20: Recovery of notional value of counterfeit notes i.e., ₹10*4 + ₹20*2 = ₹80.

b. Denomination of ₹50: Recovery of notional value of counterfeit notes i.e., ₹50*8 = ₹400 and penalty @ 50% of the notional value i.e., ₹200, totaling ₹600.

c. Denomination of ₹100 and above: Recovery of notional value of counterfeit notes i.e., ₹100*16 + ₹200*20 + ₹500*15 + ₹2000*10 = ₹33,100 and penalty @ 200% of the notional value i.e., ₹66,200. A total of ₹99,300 shall be recovered.

(III) Counterfeit notes detected in ATM dispensations/ disbursement over the counter or for wilful non-impounding of counterfeit notes detected at the banks

The following violations, if established during inspection/ audit of a currency chest/ FNV Cell of bank by RBI officials or based on a complaint received from public:

- a. Counterfeit notes returned to the tenderer without impounding
- b. Disbursement of counterfeit notes over the counter
- c. Dispensation of counterfeit notes through ATMs.

For each instance of such violation, a monetary penalty of ₹10,000/- shall be imposed.